DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH & HUMAN SERVICES Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services 7500 Security Boulevard, Mail Stop S2-01-16 Baltimore, MD 21244-1850



Children and Adults Health Programs Group

July 26, 2022

Cindy Olson, Director Eligibility and Enrollment Services Division Virginia Department of Medical Assistance Services 600 East Broad Street, Suite 1300 Richmond, VA 23219

Dear Ms. Olson:

Your title XXI Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP) State Plan Amendments (SPAs) VA-20-0015, submitted June 30, 2020, with additional information received on July 20, 2022, and VA-22-0011, submitted on June 7, 2022 have been approved. VA-20-0015 was effective on October 24, 2019. The effective dates for VA-22-0011 are described below.

Through VA-20-0015, Virginia has demonstrated compliance with section 5022 of the Substance Use Disorder Prevention that Promotes Opioid Recovery and Treatment for Patients and Communities (SUPPORT) Act. Section 5022 of the SUPPORT Act added Section 2103(c)(5) to the Social Security Act (the Act) and requires child health and pregnancy related assistance to include coverage of services necessary to prevent, diagnose, and treat a broad range of behavioral health symptoms and disorders. Additionally, Section 2103(c)(5)(B) of the Act requires that behavioral health services be delivered in a culturally and linguistically appropriate manner. Virginia demonstrated compliance by providing the necessary assurances and benefit descriptions that the state covers a range of behavioral health services in a culturally and linguistically appropriate manner.

Virginia is making several new behavioral health services available in CHIP through VA-22-0011. Effective July 1, 2021, the state added intensive outpatient services, partial hospitalization, and assertive community treatment to its CHIP state plan. Effective December 1, 2021, Virginia also added crisis stabilization, multi-systemic therapy, and functional family therapy to its CHIP state plan.

VA-22-0011 also makes technical updates in section 4 of the CHIP state plan to include an updated hardship exception analysis for coverage of children of state employees and in section 9 to reflect updates to the strategic objectives and performance goals.

Your Project Officer is Ms. Ticia Jones. She is available to answer your questions concerning this amendment and other CHIP-related matters. Ms. Jones' contact information is as follows:

> Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services Center for Medicaid and CHIP Services 7500 Security Boulevard, Mail Stop S2-01-16 Baltimore, MD 21244-1850

Telephone: (410) 786-8145

E-mail: Ticia.Jones@cms.hhs.gov

Page 2 – Ms. Cindy Olson

If you have additional questions, please contact Meg Barry, Division Director, Division of State Coverage Programs, at (410) 786-1536. We look forward to continuing to work with you and your staff.

Sincerely,

Amy Lutzky

Deputy Director

STATE: Virginia Page 2-2

<u>Section 1. General Description and Purpose of the State Child Health Plans and State Child Health Plan Requirements</u>

1.1 The state will use funds provided under Title XXI primarily for (Section 2101(a)(1)); (42 CFR 457.70):		nds provided under Title XXI primarily for (Check appropriate box) (42 CFR 457.70):
	1.1.1 □	Obtaining coverage that meets the requirements for a separate child health program (Sections 2101(a)(1) and 2103); OR
	1.1.2. □	Providing expanded benefits under the State's Medicaid plan (Title XIX) (Section 2101(a)(2)); OR
	1.1.3. ⊠	A combination of both of the above. (Section 2101(a)(2))
		Effective 09/01/02.
1.2	not be claime	to provide an assurance that expenditures for child health assistance will d prior to the time that the State has legislative authority to operate the plan amendment as approved by CMS. (42 CFR 457.40(d))
1.3	rights require Americans wi 1973, the Age	to provide an assurance that the State complies with all applicable civil ments, including title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, title II of the ith Disabilities Act of 1990, section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of Discrimination Act of 1975, 45 CFR part 80, part 84, and part 91, and 35. (42 CFR 457.130)
<u>Guidar</u>	to incur costs implementation date on which amendment. I which the Sta	date as specified below is defined as the date on which the State begins to implement its State plan or amendment. (42 CFR 457.65) The on date is defined as the date the State begins to provide services; or, the the State puts into practice the new policy described in the State plan or For example, in a State that has increased eligibility, this is the date on the begins to provide coverage to enrollees (and not the date the State ch or accepting applications).
1.4	services beging have one effe	ffective (date costs begin to be incurred) and implementation (date in to be provided) dates for this SPA (42 CFR 457.65). A SPA may only ctive date, but provisions within the SPA may have different on dates that must be after the effective date.
	Original Plan	n Effective Date: 10/26/98; Implementation Date: 10/26/98
		Effective Dates: Amend. 1: 07/01/01. Amend. 2: 12/01/01. Amend. 3: end. 4: 09/01/02. Amend. 5: 08/01/03. Amend. 6: Withdrawn.

Effective Date: [07/01/2021]

STATE: Virginia Page 2-3

Amend. 7: delete ESHI premium assistance program and exempt pregnant children from waiting period 08/01/05; allow for disease management in fee-for-service program 07/01/06. Amend. 8: Changes to the CHIP State Plan to outline coverage of school services and to add language regarding private funding. Amend. 9: FAMIS MOMS to 200% FPL and MCO opt in 07/01/09; Medicaid Expansion Immigrants 04/01/09. Amend. 10: Translation for Dental Care 07/01/09; Hospice Concurrent with Treatment 03/23/10; Early Intervention and prospective payment for FQHCs and RHCs 10/01/09; Citizenship Documentation 01/01/10; Mental Health Parity and No Cost Sharing for Pregnancy-Related Assistance 07/01/10. Amend. 11: Administrative Renewal Process 10/01/10; Virginia Health Care Fund 07/01/10.

Amendment Implementation Dates: Amend. 1: 08/01/01; Amend. 2: 12/01/01; Amend. 3: 12/01/01; Amend. 4: 09/01/02; Amend. 5: 08/01/03; Amend. 6: Withdrawn; Amend. 7: 07/01/06; Amend. 8: 07/01/07, and 02/14/09 implementation date of language regarding the RWJ Grant funding and private funding; Amend. 9: 07/01/09, and Medicaid Expansion Immigrants: 04/01/09; Amend. 10: Translation for Dental Care: 07/01/09; Hospice Concurrent with Treatment: 03/23/10; Early Intervention and prospective payment for FQHCs and RHCs: 10/01/09; Citizenship Documentation: 01/01/10; and Mental Health Parity, No Cost Sharing for Pregnancy-Related Assistance, and Virginia Health Care Fund: 07/01/10. Amend. 11: Administrative Renewal Process: 10/01/10; and Virginia Health Care Fund: 07/01/10. Amend. 12: Discontinue primary care case management: 05/01/12; Expand eligibility under lawfully residing option: 07/01/12; Add coverage for early intervention case management: 10/01/11; and Discontinue Virginia Health Care Fund funding: 07/01/12. Amend. 13: Outreach Procedures 07/01/12; and Performance Plan: 07/01/12. Amend. 14: Delivery system change (Sec. 6 and 12) Behavioral Health Service Administrator: 01/01/14

List continues after table below.

Transmittal Number	SPA Group	PDF	Description	Superseded Plan Section(s)
VA-13-15 Effective/Implementation Date: January 1, 2014	MAGI Eligibility & Methods	CS7	Eligibility – Targeted Low Income Children	Supersedes the current sections Geographic Area 4.1.1; Age 4.1.2; and Income 4.1.3
		CS13	Eligibility - Deemed Newborns	Incorporate under section 4.3

STATE: Virginia Page 2-4

Transmittal Number	SPA Group	PDF	Description	Superseded Plan Section(s)
VA-14-0020 Effective/Implementation		CS15	MAGI-Based Income Methodologies	Incorporate within a separate subsection under section 4.3
Date: January 1, 2015		CS10	Eligibility – Children Who Have Access to Public Employee Coverage	Supersedes language in regard to dependents of public employees in Section 4.1.9
VA-14-0002 Effective/Implementation Date: January 1, 2014	XXI Medicaid Expansion	CS3	Eligibility for Medicaid Expansion Program	Supersedes the current Medicaid expansion section 4.0
VA-14-0025 Effective/Implementation Date: January 1, 2014	Establish 2101(f) Group	CS14	Children Ineligible for Medicaid as a Result of the Elimination of Income Disregards	Incorporate within subsection 4.4.1
VA-13-0018 Effective/Implementation Date: October 1, 2013	Eligibility Processing	CS24	Eligibility Process	Supersedes the current sections 4.3 and 4.4
VA-13-19 Effective/Implementation Date: January 1, 2014	Non- Financial Eligibility	CS17	Non-Financial Eligibility – Residency	Supersedes the current section 4.1.5
3 /		CS18	Non-Financial – Citizenship	Supersedes the current sections 4.1.0; 4.1.1-LR
		CS19	Non-Financial – Social Security Number	Supersedes the current section 4.1.9
		CS23	Other Eligibility Standards	Supersedes the current section 4,1.6, 4.1.7, 4.1.8, 4.1.9

STATE: Virginia Page 2-5

Transmittal Number	SPA Group	PDF	Description	Superseded Plan Section(s)
VA-13-19-01 Effective/Implementation Date: July 3, 2014		CS20	Substitution of Coverage	Supersedes the current section 4.4.4
VA-21-0021 Effective/Implementation Date: July 1, 2021	MAGI Eligibility & Methods	CS9	Coverage from Conception to Birth	
	Non- Financial Eligibility	CS27	Continuous Eligibility	

SPA #15

Purpose of SPA: Update for SFY 2015

Effective date: 07/01/14 Implementation dates:

Remove waiting period for eligibility: 07/03/14; Allow eligibility for dependents

of state employees: 01/01/15

SPA #16

Purpose of SPA: Update for SFY 2016

Effective date: 07/01/15 Implementation date:

Benefits - add Behavioral Therapy services: 07/01/16

SPA #17

Purpose of SPA: Temporary Adjustments to Enrollment and Redetermination for Individuals Living or Working in a Declared Disaster Area at the Time of a Disaster Event.

Effective date and implementation date: 01/01/17

SPA #VA-17-0012

Purpose of SPA: Update for SFY 2017

Effective date: 7/1/16

SUD amendments (not including peer supports) have an implementation date of

04/01/17.

All other items (including peer supports) have an implementation date of

07/01/17.

STATE: Virginia Page 2-6

SPA #VA-18-0012

Purpose of SPA: Compliance with Mental Health Parity and Addiction Equity

Act - Effective and implementation date 07/01/17;

Removal of Outpatient Behavioral Health Co-payments – Effective and

implementation date: 07/01/19

SPA #VA-19-0010

Purpose of SPA: Update for SFY 2019; Managed Care Final Rule Compliance

Assurances; Technical Updates

Effective and implementation date: 07/01/18

SPA #VA-20-0001

Purpose of SPA: CHIP Disaster Relief – Temporary Waiver of Co-payments; Flexibilities Related to Processing and Renewal Requirements for State or

Federally Declared Disaster Area

Effective date: 01/01/2020

Implementation date: 03/12/2020

SPA #VA-20-0015 - PENDING

Purpose of SPA: Update for SFY2020; SUPPORT Act Section 5022 Compliance

Proposed effective and implementation date: 10/24/19

SPA #VA-21-0010

Purpose of SPA: Health Services Initiative – Poison Control Centers

Effective and implementation date: 07/01/21

SPA #VA-21-0027

Purpose of SPA: Extend coverage for unborn children whose mothers are uninsured pregnant women up to 200% FPL not otherwise eligible for Medicaid, FAMIS MOMS, or FAMIS, regardless of immigration status requirements; Fund a Health Services Initiative to provide fee-for-service health services up to 60 days postpartum to mothers covered under the unborn child option, called FAMIS Prenatal.

Effective and implementation date: 07/01/21

SPA #VA-22-0010

Purpose of SPA: The purpose of this SPA is to demonstrate compliance with the American Rescue Plan Act provisions that require states to cover treatment (including treatment of a condition that may seriously complicate COVID-19 treatment), testing, and vaccinations for COVID-19 without cost-sharing in CHIP.

Effective and implementation date: 03/11/21

STATE: Virginia Page 2-7

SPA #VA-22-0011

Purpose of SPA: Enhanced Behavioral Health Services, Hardship Exception

Analysis, and Updated Performance Objectives

Proposed effective date: 07/01/21 Proposed implementation date:

For Mental Health Intensive Outpatient Services, Mental Health Partial Hospitalization, Assertive Community Treatment, and updates to Sections 4 and 9 (Hardship Exception Analysis and Strategic Objectives and Performance Goals): 07/01/21

For Multi-systemic Therapy, Functional Family Therapy, and Crisis Intervention and Stabilization services under Section 6.3.5.1- BH: 12/01/21

1.4- TC Tribal Consultation (Section 2107(e)(1)(C)) Describe the consultation process that occurred specifically for the development and submission of this State Plan Amendment, when it occurred and who was involved.

On May 4, 2022, a Tribal notification letter was sent to representatives of each of Virginia's seven federally recognized Indian Tribes, as well as to contacts at the Indian Health Program (IHP) office, describing the provisions of CHIP SPA #VA-22-0011 and notifying Tribal and IHP leadership of the 30-day Tribal comment period. Tribal members and IHP contacts were invited to provide input on the SPA, and contact information was provided for submitting any comments to DMAS. There was no formal response by Tribal or IHP officials regarding this CHIP SPA. Virginia does not anticipate that this SPA will have a direct impact on the Tribes or IHP.

STATE: Virginia Page 3-61

As of January 1, 2015, dependents of state employees able to access employer-sponsored dependent health insurance coverage under a Virginia state employee health insurance plan are eligible to enroll in FAMIS, if they otherwise qualify. See approved template effective January 1, 2015: CS10 (Eligibility – Children Who Have Access to Public Employee Coverage). The Commonwealth performed an analysis of public employee coverage costs and confirms that the previously approved Hardship Exception still applies. See attachment, Hardship Exception Analysis 2021-22.

See approved templates effective January 1, 2014: CS13 (Eligibility - Deemed Newborns); CS19 (Non Financial - Social Security Number); and CS23 (Other Eligibility Standards).

Effective July 1, 2021, the Commonwealth provides coverage through the unborn child option for uninsured pregnant women with income up to and including 200% FPL who are not otherwise eligible for Medicaid, FAMIS, or FAMIS MOMS, regardless of immigration status requirements. The household for this coverage will be based on the pregnant woman, and the "unborn child" or children will be counted as if born and living with the mother in determining household size.

4.1.9.1 States should specify whether Social Security Numbers (SSN) are required.

Please see approved template effective January 1, 2014: CS19 (Non-Financial - Social Security Number).

Guidance: States should describe their continuous eligibility process and populations that can be continuously eligible.

4.1.9.2 Continuous eligibility

See SPA page CS27 for a description of continuous eligibility for the unborn child population (i.e., FAMIS Prenatal).

4.1-PW Pregnant Women Option (section 2112)- The State includes eligibility for one or more populations of targeted low-income pregnant women under the plan. Describe the population of pregnant women that the State proposes to cover in this section. Include all eligibility criteria, such as those described in the above categories (for instance, income and resources) that will be applied to this population. Use the same reference number system for those criteria (for example, 4.1.1-P for a geographic restriction). Please remember to update sections 8.1.1-PW, 8.1.2-PW, and 9.10 when

STATE: Virginia Page 6-94

toward the treatment of the eligible child and delivered primarily in the family's residence with the child present.
6.3.2.8- BH Intensive outpatient Provided for: Mental Health Substance Use Disorder
As of 4/1/17, intensive outpatient services (ASAM Level 2.1) are covered for substance use disorder treatment. There are no visit limits on medically necessary outpatient substance use disorder treatment services. Medication assisted treatment shall be provided onsite or through referral.
As of 7/1/2021, Mental Health Intensive Outpatient Services (IOP) is covered for mental health and co-occurring mental health and substance use disorder treatment. Mental Health IOP is a non-residential, rehabilitative benefit that includes skilled treatment services focused on maintaining and improving functional abilities through a time-limited, interdisciplinary approach to treatment. MH-IOP is based on a comprehensive, coordinated and individualized service plan that involves the use of multiple, concurrent service components and treatment modalities. Treatment focuses on symptom reduction, crisis and safety planning, promoting stability and independent living in the community, recovery/relapse prevention and reducing the need for a more acute level of care This service is provided to individuals who do not require the intensive level of care of inpatient, residential, or partial hospitalization service, but require more intensive services than outpatient services and would benefit from the structure and safety available in the MH-IOP setting.
6.3.2.9- BH Psychosocial rehabilitation Provided for: Mental Health Substance Use Disorder
Guidance: If the state considers day treatment and partial hospitalization to be the same benefit, please indicate that in the benefit description. If there are differences between these benefits, such as the staffing or intensity of the setting, please specify those in the description of the benefit's amount, duration, and scope.
6.3.3- BH
Therapeutic Day Treatment (TDT) is an intensive outpatient service that is covered for the treatment of mental health conditions. TDT provides evaluation, medication, education and management; opportunities to learn and use daily living skills and to enhance social and interpersonal skills (e.g., problem-solving, anger management, community responsibility, increased impulse control, and appropriate peer relations,

94

Approval Date____

Effective Date: [07/01/2021]

STATE: Virginia Page 6-95

etc.); and individual, group and family psychotherapy.				
6.3.3.1- BH Partial Hospitalization Provided for: Mental Health Substance Use Disorder Partial Hospitalization (ASAM Level 2.5) is covered for substance use treatment.				
There is no visit limit on medically necessary outpatient substance use treatment services. Medication assisted treatment shall be provided onsite or through referral.				
Effective 7/1/2021, Mental Health Partial Hospitalization (MH-PHP) is covered for mental health and co-occurring mental health and substance use disorder treatment. MH-PHP services are short-term, non-residential interventions that are more intensive than outpatient services and that are required to stabilize an individual's psychiatric condition. The service is delivered under physician direction to individuals at risk of psychiatric hospitalization or transitioning from a psychiatric hospitalization to the community. Individuals qualifying for this service must demonstrate a medical necessity for the service arising from behavioral health disorders that result insignificant functional impairments in major life activities. This service includes assessment, assistance with medication management, individual and group therapy, skills restoration, and care coordination for individuals who require coordinated, intensive, comprehensive, and multidisciplinary treatment but who do not require inpatient treatment.				
6.3.4- BH \(\) Inpatient services, including services furnished in a state-operated mental hospital and including residential or other 24-hour therapeutically planned structural services (Sections 2110(a)(10) and 2110(a)(18))				
Provided for: Mental Health Substance Use Disorder				
Medically necessary inpatient psychiatric services rendered in a psychiatric unit of a general acute care hospital and inpatient substance use disorder treatment services rendered in a psychiatric unit of a general acute care hospital are covered for 365 days per confinement. The following services are not covered: (1) services furnished in a state-operated mental hospital, (2) services furnished in an IMD, and (3) residential services or other 24-hour therapeutically planned structural services with the exception of Residential Crisis Stabilization (effective 12/1/21).				

Effective Date: [07/01/2021] 95 Approval Date

Guidance: If applicable, please clarify any differences within the residential treatment benefit (e.g. intensity of services, provider types, or settings in which the residential

STATE: Virginia Page 6-96

6.3.4.1- BH Residential Treatment Provided for: Mental Health Substance Use Disorder With the exception of Residential Crisis Stabilization (see 6.3.5.1), Residential Treatment services are not provided under the CHIP state plan. Children in need of mental health or substance use disorder Residential Treatment services may receive them for stays less than 30 days, through state-only funds. For stays longer than 30 days, the child is assessed for Medicaid eligibility. 6.3.4.2- BH Detoxification Provided for: Substance Use Disorder
Treatment services are not provided under the CHIP state plan. Children in need of mental health or substance use disorder Residential Treatment services may receive them for stays less than 30 days, through state-only funds. For stays longer than 30 days, the child is assessed for Medicaid eligibility. 6.3.4.2- BH
——————————————————————————————————————
ASAM defines detoxification as "withdrawal management." Withdrawal management, as defined by ASAM, means services to assist a member's withdrawal from the use of substances. This service may be offered in all ASAM Levels of Care.
Guidance: Crisis intervention and stabilization could include services such as mobile crisis, or short term residential or other facility based services in order to avoid inpatient hospitalization.
6.3.5- BH ⊠ Emergency services Provided for: ⊠ Mental Health ⊠ Substance Use Disorder
6.3.5.1- BH
Crisis Intervention services are covered, effective 8-1-2003. Crisis intervention provides immediate mental health care, available 24 hours a day, seven days per week, to assist individuals who are experiencing acute psychiatric dysfunction requiring immediate clinical attention. A unit equals 15 minutes and shall include assessing the crisis situation, providing short-term counseling designed to stabilize the individual, providing access to further immediate assessment and follow-up, and linking the individual and family with ongoing care to prevent future crises. Crisis intervention services may include office visits, home visits, preadmission screenings, telephone contacts, and other client-related activities for the prevention of institutionalization. Effective 12/1/2021, Mobile Crisis Response shall provide immediate behavioral health care, available 24 hours a day, seven days per week, to assist individuals who are experiencing an acute behavioral health crisis requiring immediate

Effective Date: [07/01/2021]

STATE: Virginia Page 6-97

clinical attention. This service's objectives shall be to prevent exacerbation of a condition, to prevent injury to the client or others, and to provide treatment in the context of the least restrictive setting. Mobile Crisis Response is provided in a variety of settings including community locations where the individual lives, works, attends school, participates in services and socializes, and includes temporary detention order preadmission screenings.

Effective 12/1/2021, Community Stabilization services provide intensive, short term behavioral health care to non-hospitalized individuals who recently experienced an acute behavioral health crisis. The goal is to address and stabilize the acute behavioral health needs at the earliest possible time to prevent decompensation while a comprehensive array of services is established.

Effective 12/1/2021, Residential Crisis Stabilization services serves as a diversion from inpatient hospitalization by offering psychiatric stabilization in licensed crisis services provider units of fewer than 16 beds. Residential Crisis Stabilization shall not be provided in facilities that meet the definition of an Institution for Mental Diseases (IMD) as defined in 42 CFR 435.1010. Residential Crisis Stabilization provides short-term, crisis evaluation and brief intervention services to support an individual who is experiencing an abrupt and substantial change in behavior noted by severe impairment of functioning typically associated with a precipitating situation or a marked increase in personal distress. This service is also available as a 23-hour option.

6.3.6- BH	Co	ntinuing care service	ees	
Provio	ded for:	Mental Health	Substance Use Disorder	
6.3.7- BH ∑	1 Ca	re Coordination		
<u>-</u>			Substance Use Disorder	
				

The substance use disorder outpatient benefit, including Preferred Office-Based Addiction Treatment (OBAT) and Opioid Treatment Programs, requires Substance Use Disorder (SUD) Care Coordination that includes integrating behavioral health into primary care and specialty medical settings through interdisciplinary care planning and monitoring member progress and tracking member outcomes; linking members with community resources to facilitate referrals and respond to social service needs, or peer supports; and tracking and supporting members when they obtain medical, behavioral health, or social services outside the practice. SUD Care Coordination services are considered duplicative of SUD Case Management services (6.3.8-BH), so these benefits are provided only to individuals with a primary SUD diagnosis who are not already

STATE: Virginia Page 6-99

pı	reauthorized and based on a medical necessity determination.
	ssertive Community Treatment ovided for: Mental Health Substance Use Disorder
tr se th	eatment, rehabilitation, and support services to identified individuals with vere and persistent mental illness especially those who have severe symptoms at are not effectively remedied by available treatments or who because of asons related to their mental illness resist or avoid involvement with mental ealth services in the community.
	wilti-systemic therapy ovided for: Mental Health Substance Use Disorder
tr cl in te fr	eatment provided in home and community settings to youth with significant inical impairment in disruptive behavior, mood, and/or substance use. MST cludes an emphasis on engagement with the youth's family, caregivers and atural supports and is delivered in the recovery environment. MST is a short-rm and rehabilitative intervention that is used as a step-down and diversion om higher levels of care and seeks to understand and intervene with youth ithin their network of systems including family, peers, school, and community.
	unctional Family Therapy ovided for: Mental Health Substance Use Disorder
ba be	s of 12/1/2021 Functional Family Therapy (FFT) is a short-term, evidence- used treatment program for at-risk youth who have been referred for chavioral or emotional problems and/or substance use disorders by the juvenile stice, behavioral health, school or child welfare systems.

6.4- BH Assessment Tools

6.4.1- BH Please specify or describe all of the tool(s) required by the state and/or each managed care entity:

ASAM Criteria (American Society Addiction Medicine)

Effective Date: [07/01/2021] 99 Approval Date_____

STATE: Virginia Page 9-132

Section 9. Strategic Objectives and Performance Goals and Plan Administration (Section 2107)

9.1. Describe strategic objectives for increasing the extent of creditable health coverage among targeted low-income children and other low-income children: (Section 2107(a)(2)) (42CFR 457.710(b))

Objective One: To reduce the number of uninsured children.

Objective Two: To improve the health care status of children.

Objective Three: To conduct effective outreach to encourage enrollment in health insurance plans.

Objective 1: Reduce the number of uninsured children

Objective 2: Increase enrolled children's access to care

Objective 3: Improve the health care status of enrolled children

9.2. Specify one or more performance goals for each strategic objective identified: (Section 2107(a)(3)) (42CFR 457.710(c))

See Section 9.3.

Objective 1 performance goal:

<u>Maximize the percentage of Medicaid and CHIP-eligible children in Virginia who</u> are insured

Objective 2 performance goal:

Consumer Assessment of Healthcare Providers and Systems (CAHPS) survey
"Getting Needed Care" composite metric for the FAMIS program (general child population) will meet or exceed the National Committee for Quality Assurance (NCQA) national average for this metric

Objective 3 performance goal:

Maintain childhood immunization status (Combo 3) percentage among Virginia's Medicaid and CHIP-enrolled children that meets or surpasses the national HEDIS Medicaid 50th percentile

9.3. Describe how performance under the plan will be measured through objective, independently verifiable means and compared against performance goals in order to determine the state's performance, taking into account suggested performance indicators as specified below or other indicators the state develops:

(Section 2107(a)(4)(A),(B)) (42CFR 457.710(d))

With the FAMIS program well established after 10 years, Virginia re-assessed the performance goals for the program. While program managers continue to monitor enrollment on a monthly basis, a decision was made to focus on quality measures rather

Effective Date:	[07/01/2021]	132	Approval Date_	
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STATE: Virginia Page 9-137

CHIP Budget Plan

	Federal Fiscal Year Costs – FFY 2021	Federal Fiscal Year Costs – FFY 2022
Enhanced FMAP rate	<u>69.34%</u>	<u>69.34%</u>
Benefit Costs		
Insurance payments		
Managed care	<u>\$376,687,621</u>	<u>\$390,952,645</u>
per member/per month rate @ # of eligible	\$202.68 @ 154,875 avg elig/mo	\$197.57 @ 164,903 avg elig/mo
Fee for Service	\$69,355,181	\$75,484,543
Cost of Proposed SPA changes	\$20,535	\$208,974
Total Benefit Costs	\$446,063,338	\$466,646,163
(Offsetting beneficiary cost sharing payments)		
Net Benefit Costs	\$446,063,338	<u>\$466,646,163</u>
Administration Costs		
Personnel	<u>\$4,296,425</u>	<u>\$3,622,107</u>
General administration	<u>\$137,894</u>	<u>\$116,252</u>
Contractors/Brokers (e.g., enrollment contractors)	<u>\$19,645,330</u>	<u>\$16,562,021</u>
Claims Processing	\$3,256,968	\$2,745,791
Outreach/marketing costs	<u>\$535,334</u>	<u>\$451,314</u>
Health Services Initiatives	<u>\$203,700</u>	<u>\$5,950,173</u>
Other		
Total Administration Costs	<u>\$28,075,651</u>	<u>\$29,447,657</u>
10% Administrative Cap	\$49,562,593	<u>\$51,849,574</u>
Federal Share (multiplied by enh-FMAP rate)	<u>\$328,767,975</u>	<u>\$343,991,455</u>
State Share	<u>\$145,371,014</u>	<u>\$152,102,365</u>
TOTAL PROGRAM COSTS	<u>\$474,138,989</u>	<u>\$496,093,820</u>

Funding:

State funding comes from state General Funds and the Family Access to Medical Insurance Security (FAMIS) Plan Trust Fund.

The 1997 General Assembly established the Virginia Children's Medical Security